Product code: VB4\_GLxx



the green way of light

lightecture: Virgo | rev. 2019.07.26

#### **S**TANDARD

EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-3, EN 62471, EN 55015, EN 61547, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3

## CONFORMITY | PROTECTION

#### Conformity







**Protection classes** 

# Vibration test passed

IEC 60068-2-6



### Photobiological safety



IEC/TR62778

### Insulation classes











### PLUS









LIGHTING FIXTURE FEATURES



**General features** 

220-240V | 50/60Hz | tolerance +/-10% | other voltages on request Power source:  $(P_{max} = 52W)$ Current supply: 525 mA |700 mA | 1000 mA

Power Factor | THD: ≥0.95 | <10 % (At full load) Expected life (Ta=25°): > 100.000 h | L90B10 | @700mA  $T_{max} = +55^{\circ}C |700 \text{ mA}$ Operational temperature (Ta): +50°C |1000 mA

Storage temperature: -40°C/+80°C

Overcharge protection: Impulse whitstand up to 10kV CM/DM

**Standard functions:** 

(Details pag.4)

Current fixed |Virtual midnight |CLO

### Materials

Lighting fixture: Die cast aluminium | EN1706 Optical system: Nano-optics in PMMA

Aluminum reflector, 99.7% oxidised and polished purity

Screen-printed ultraclear tempered glass | Th. 4mm Screen:

Gaskets:

Cable gland: Polyamide PA66 | PG16 | Ø 14mm MAX | IP 68

Screws and bolts: AISI 304 stainless steel Fixture color: Light grey Ghisamestieri®

## **L**ED FEATURES

Model: **WNICHIA** NSVL219F

LED data 4.000 K - 700mA: 340 lm/LED | 180 lm/W | 25°C [Tj] |  $\leq$  3 step macadam Colour temperature: 2.200K | 3.000 K | 4.000 K | 5.700 K | CRI ≥ 70

"Flip chip LED" technology: Hight performance and hight quality LED equipped with

gold electrode; hight protection against corrosion and

color shifting.

**O**PTIONAL

Overcharge protection: optional - SPD with warning LED

> CLASS 1 | CLASS 2 10kV / 10kA CM/DM

**Electrical equipment:** 0.5 m power cable with 2-3 or 4-5 core connector

Disconnector and cable clamp | cross section 1.5mm<sup>2</sup> ÷ 4mm<sup>2</sup>

**Optional functions:** 1-10 V | DALI-DALI2 | DALI SENSOR

(Details pag.4)

Connectos and external sockets: NM (Nema Socket ) | LM (Lumawise Zhaga Socket)

(Details pag.4)





Scale: 1:5

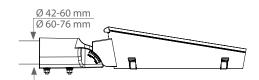
Max. weight

Lateral: 0,03 m<sup>2</sup> |Plan: 0,11 m<sup>2</sup>

# FIXING TYPE

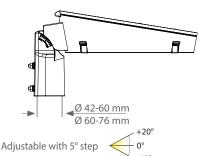


5,2 Kg







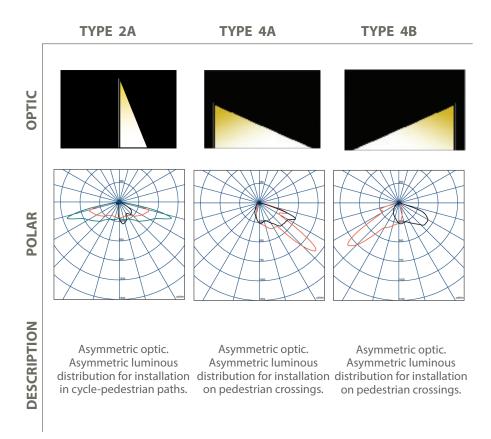


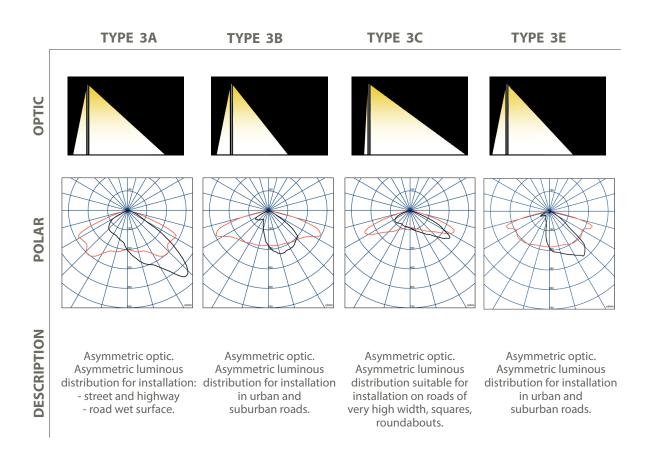
# **Available optical system**



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All photometric data below were determined in accordance with UNI EN 13032-1 and IES LM 79-08.







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# **Photometric data** | LED modules nominal data (4000K [ta = 25°C; tj=25°C])

The photometric data refers to GHISAMESTIERI products in the standard version, with 4000K color temperature, optical reference type 3A and ambient temperature of  $25\,^{\circ}$  C. In the case of lighting calculations with the driving current and / or different color temperature from the standard, using the conversion factors for the luminous flux reported in the tables.

(Data extrapolated from the Manufacturer documentations.)

LED code	I [mA]	Luminous flux [lm]	Power [W]	Efficiency [lm/W]
	525	2220	12	185
GL02	700	2610	15	174
	1000	3542	22	161
	 525	4255	23	185
GL04	700	5394	31	174
	 1000	7084	44	161

# Photometric data | Lighting fixture measured data (4000K, Ottica 3A)



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The photometric data refers to GHISAMESTIERI products in the standard version, with 4000K color temperature, optical reference type 3A and ambient temperature of 25  $^{\circ}$  C. <u>Ghisamestieri offers the possibility of driving the device with custom currents (•).</u> In the case of lighting calculations with the driving current and / or different color temperature from the standard, using the conversion factors for the luminous flux reported in the

Order code: VB4_GLxx		(•) I [mA]	Luminous flux [lm]	Power [W]	Efficiency [lm/W]
		525	1861	13	143
GL02	700	2386	18	136	
		1000 (max)	3123	26	120
		525	3721	26	143
GL04		700	4771	35	136
		1000 (max)	6246	52	120

# OPTIC CONVERSION FACTOR LUMINOUS FLUX

Optic type	Flux multiplier
1A (*)	1,05
2A (*)   3D (*)	0,94
3B	1,00
3C	0,90
3E	1,00
4A (*)   4B (*)	1,06
5A <sup>(*)</sup>	1,00

# Tk CONVERSION FACTOR LUMINOUS FLUX

Tk [K]	Flux multiplier
2.200 (**)	0,79
3.000	0,94
5.700	1,01

# CRI CONVERSION FACTOR LUMINOUS FLUX

CRI (color render index)	Flux multiplier
70	1,00
80	0,90

(\*) See pag.2 to check the optic type availability. (\*\*) See pag.1 to check the colour temperatureb availability.

# **Functions**



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## **Standard functions**

### **Fixed Output**

The lighting fixture is set to use a fixed current in order to maintain the same power consumption over time.

#### Virtual midnight | Automatic lighting control

The driver is programmed to automatically switch the light On or Off based on the time of the day ensuring high energy saving. The maximum output is usually set during the first and last hours of operation that statistically are proven to have higher traffic, it will then decrease during the middle hours when there is less traffic.

The system is able to automatically regulate itself, identifying the average between the instant it turns on and turns off. This is called "virtual midnight" and is the reference point for reducing the light emission based on the desired profile.

The output will automatically adapt to the length of the night throughout the year.

### CLO | Costant lumen output

Considering LED performance deteriorates with use and time, it may be compensated by using a lower than maximum flux output and maintaining it constant in time by progressively increasing the current.

In this case maintenance and management costs of the systems are considerably lower.

# **Optional functions**

#### 1-10V | Flux control by analogic control

It is possible to adjust the amount of luminous output by means of an analog input signal that has a minimum level of 1V and maximum of 10V. The device is fitted with L-N-1 / 10V cable connection

#### DALI - DALI2 | Controllo e programmazione digitale

The standard DALI protocol allows the use of a flexible lighting system using digital technology. The DALI system allows unlimited control of light control, as well as interrogation of the power supply on the status of the device, ensuring maximum energy savings and optimization of management costs. The appliance is designed for connection of L-N-DALI cables. A signal via cable is required in addition to the +/- cables.

The regulation of the luminous flux can be totally customized by the user. It is possible to set up to 4 time adjustment levels in 5 steps. The versatility of this system makes it possible to rationalize consumption in specific use functions.

Thanks to DALI2, instead, new features are now available. Especially for the connection of a point-to-point remote control node with radio waves technology.

# functions

Additional

### FR | Full range

The lighting fixture can be powered by wide voltage range (120-280V) to ensure operation in variable power situations.

### NTC | Negative Temperature Coefficient

It is a temperature sensor that adjusts the current powering the LEDs. In case the transistor junction (Tj) reaches critical high temperatures, the current is decreased in order to preserve the longevity of the LEDs.

### DALI SENSOR

With the DALI SENSOR interface it is possible to manage the functions of the DALI - DALI2 protocol. In addition, there is a low voltage AUX switch to manage remote control systems and external sensors in a Smart City perspective.

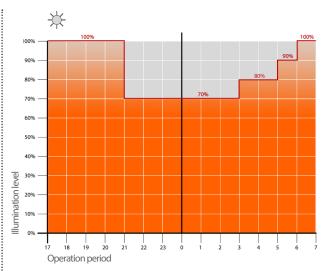
# **External connectors and sockets on request**

### NM | Nema Socket (7 PIN)

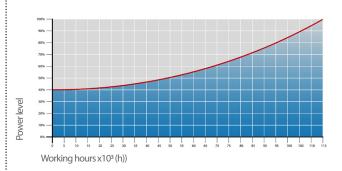
The Nema Socket 7 PIN is a connector / socket that is mounted in the lighting body and allows access to the driver programming functions from the outside. The remote control system, which can be installed via this external connector, can also be implemented in a phase subsequent to commissioning the system. If the system is not used immediately, the socket is equipped with an IP66 closing cap and a short-circuit system for the power supply by-pass. Various telecontrol technologies can be used, both radio wave and conveyed wave, which can interface both to the 1-10V and DALI ports.

# LM | Lumawise Zhaga Socket (4 PIN)

The Lumawise Zhaga Socket 4 PIN is a connector / socket equivalent to the Nema Socket 7 PIN but smaller and more compact and uses the Zhaga standard. Through this connector it is possible from the outside of the device to integrate driver management and programming systems and other "smart" functions such as various sensors. Also this device can only be prepared and not used immediately, therefore it is provided with its IP66 protection cap. (In conjunction with DALI SENSOR).



Example of 4-step adjustment with virtual midnight



CLO | Costant lumen output





Nema Socket 4 PIN (A) and IP66 closing cup(B)





Lumawise Zhaga Socket 7 PIN (C) and IP66 closing cup (D)



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### Protection of galvanized steel surfaces for poles

The protection of galvanized steel elements is achieved by following steps:

- Micro sandblasting;
- First epoxy layer application followed by:

Wilting > Drying > Cooling;

· Acrylic glaze layer application followed by:

Wilting > Drying > Cooling;

• Packing at least after 24-hour-drying at room temperature.

### Protection of galvanized steel surfaces for brackets and pastorals

The protection of the galvanized steel elements is achieved thanks to:

- Micro sandblasting;
- Phosphoric pickling bath at a ph level ranging from 1.5 to 3;
- Rinsing with demineralised water;
- · First powder layer application;
- Kiln firing;
- · Application of a final powder layer;
- Kiln roasting of the final powder layer at 180°;
- · Cooling.

#### Protection of cast iron surfaces for bases

The protection of cast iron elements is achieved by the following treatments:

- Surface micro shotblasting;
- Mono-component dip galvanizing followed by:

Wilting > Drying > Cooling;

• Epoxy micaceous primer application followed by:

Wilting > Drying > Cooling;

• Acrylic enamel application followed by:

Wilting > Drying > Cooling;

• Packing at least after 24-hour-drying at room temperature.

# Protection of die-cast aluminium surfaces for lighting fixtures, tops, collars, brackets and pastorals

Brackets, pastoral, and die-cast accessories undergo a cycle of powder painting which creates a barrier against the corrosion of metal parts. Moreover this barrier makes the finished product comply with design specifications in terms of surface roughness, color and reflectance. The cycle consists of the following steps:

- · Micro sandblasting;
- Hot pickling bath in a zinc-based phosphodegreasing solution;
- Specific process for the preparation of surfaces before painting;
- Washing with water;
- Rinsing with demineralised water and subsequent drying;
- First bowder layer application followed by kiln baking at 180°;
- Final powder layer application using a High Durability product and final kiln roasting at 180°C.



### Salt spray test | FLORIDA TEST

The top quality of such treatments is confirmed by salt spray tests performed in accordance with standard ISO 9227:2017 Neutral Salt Spray test (NSS).

The test was carried out for 6.000 hours at 35 °C and demostrated through the report test released.



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